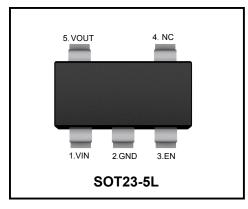


### **Low Dropout Regulators**

### **Descriptions**

The YFW9193 is designed for portable RF and wireless applications with demanding performance and space requirements. The YFW9193 performance is optimized for battery-powered systems to deliver ultra low noise and low quiescent current. Regulator ground current increases only slightly in dropout, further prolonging the battery life. The YFW9193 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications, critical in hand held wireless devices. The YFW9193 consumes less than  $0.01\mu$ A in shutdown mode and has fast turn-on time less than  $50\mu$ s. The other features include ultra low dropout voltage, high output accuracy, current limiting protection, and high ripple rejection ratio



Marking Code			
YFW9193-33	9193-3.3		

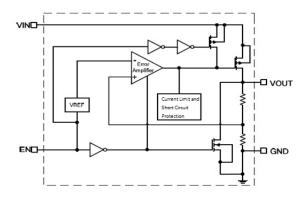
#### **Features**

- ♦Ultra Low Noise for RF Application
- ♦Ultra Fast Response in Line/Load Transient
- Maximum Output Current: 500mA
- ♦Low Dropout: 200mV @ 200mA
- ♦Wide Operating Voltage Ranges : 2V to 7V
- **♦Low Temperature Coefficient**
- **♦**Current Limiting Protection
- ♦Thermal Shutdown Protection

### **Applications**

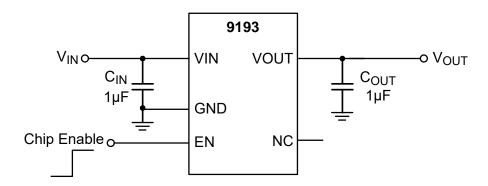
- **♦**Battery-Powered Equipment
- **♦CDMA/GSM Cellular Handsets**
- **♦**Portable Information Appliances

### **Function Block Diagram**





# **Typical Application Circuit**



## **Functional Pin Description**

Pin Name	Pin Function
EN	Chip Enable (Active High). Note that this pin is high impedance
NC	NO Connected
GND	Ground.
VOUT	Output Voltage.
VIN	Power Input Voltage.



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings Note1**

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	-0.3 ~ +6	V
Output Voltage	-0.3 ~ (VIN+0.3)	V
Output Current	500	mA
Power Dissipation	400	mW
Thermal Resistance,Junction-to-Ambient	250	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	60	°C/W
Junction temperature	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage temperature range	-55 ~ 150	°C

#### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods my affect device reliability.



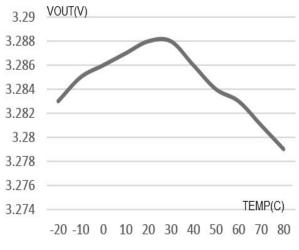
### **Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>OUT</sub>+1, EN=V<sub>IN</sub>, C<sub>IN</sub>=C<sub>OUT</sub>=1 $\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub>=25°C , unless otherwise noted.)

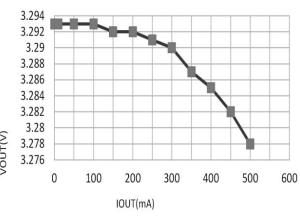
Pa	rameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Inpu	it Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		2		6	V
Output Vo	ltage Accuracy	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-1.5		+1.5	%
Quieso	cent Current	IQ	V <sub>IN</sub> >V <sub>OUT</sub> ,EN=V <sub>IN</sub> I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA		90	130	μΑ
Dropout Voltage		$V_{DROP}$	I <sub>оит</sub> =200mA, V <sub>оит</sub> =2.8V		130	180	- mV
			I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.8V		210	300	
Line F	Regulation	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.6V to 5.5V I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA			0.17	%/V
Load	Regulation	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	1mA <i<sub>OUT&lt;300mA</i<sub>			2	%/A
	: Voltage ure Coefficient	TC <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA, T <sub>A</sub> =0~70°C		±10		ppm/°C
	circuit/start ing current	I <sub>SHORT</sub>	RL=1Ω		90		mA
EN Lea	kage Current	I <sub>EN</sub>				0.1	μA
Standby	y Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>	V <sub>EN</sub> =GND,Shutdown		0.01	1	μA
Cur	rent Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>	VIN=5V		550		mA
EN Input	Logic Low	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3V to 5.5V, Shutdown			0.4	V
Threshold	Logic High	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3V to 5.5V, Start up	1.2			V
	out Noise ′oltage	e <sub>NO</sub>	10Hz to100KHz, C <sub>OUT</sub> =1uF		100		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	f=217Hz	PSRR	lout=100mA		-72		
	f=1KHz				-70		dB
	f=10KHz				-65		
Tem	al Shutdown nperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	Shutdown, Temp increasing		160		°C
	al Shutdown steresis	T <sub>SDHY</sub>			2		°C



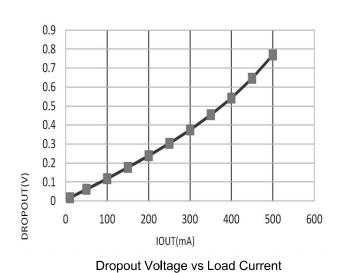
### **Typical Characteristic Curves**



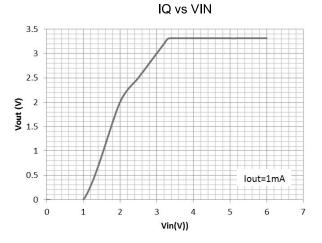




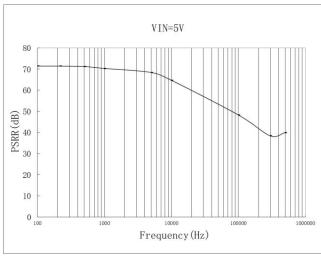
Load Regulation



1000 | IQ(uA) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10



Line Regulation



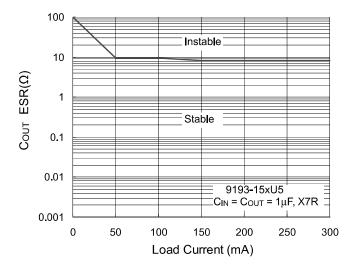
PSRR



#### **Applications Information**

Like any low dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the YFW9193 must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. Using a capacitor whose value is >1µF on the YFW9193 input and the amount of capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower ESR (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and linetransient response. The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDOs application. The YFW9193 is designed specifically to work with low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. Using a ceramic capacitor whose value is at least  $1\mu F$  with ESR is  $> 1m\Omega$  on the YFW9193 output ensures stability. The YFW9193 still works well with output capacitor of other types due to the wide stable ESR range. Figure 1 shows the curves of allowable ESR range as a function of load current for various output capacitor values. Output capacitor of larger capacitance can reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and PSRR. The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inch from the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin of the YFW9193 and returned to a clean analog ground.

Figure 1Region of Stable Cout ESR vs. Load Current



#### **Enable Function**

The YFW9193 features an LDO regulator enable/disable function. To assure the LDO regulator will switch on, the EN turn on control level must be greater than 1.2 volts. The LDO regulator will go into the shutdown mode when the voltage on the EN pin falls below 0.4 volts. For to protecting the system, the YFW9193 have a quick-discharge function. If the enable function is not needed in a specific application, it may be tied to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  to keep the LDO regulator in a continuously on state.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in YFW9193. When the operation junction temperature exceeds 165°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function turn the pass element off. The pass element turn on again after the junction temperature cools by 30°C.

For continue operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature 125°C. The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{Q}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/R_{\theta JA}$$

Where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum operation junction temperature 125°C,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating conditions specification of YFW9193,where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C) and  $T_A$  is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $R_{\theta JA}$  is layout dependent) for SOT23-5L package is 250°C/W, The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A$ = 25°C can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / 250 = 400 \text{mW}$$

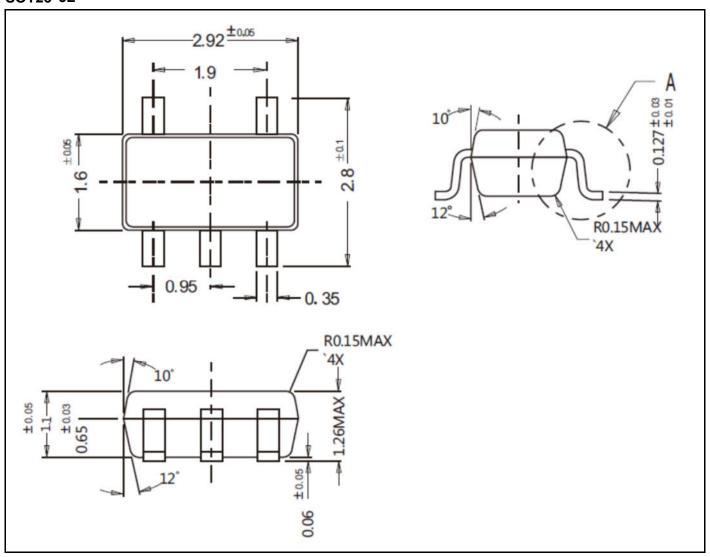


## **Ordering information**

Package	Packing Description	Packing Quantity
SOT23-5L	Tape/Reel,7"reel	3000PCS/Reel 120000PCS/Carton

## Package Dimensions(Millimeter(mm)

### SOT23-5L





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